§ 225.94

for additional time must include an explanation of why an extension is necessary.

- (3) Agreement requirements. An agreement required by paragraph (c)(1) of this section to correct a capital or management deficiency must:
- (i) Explain the specific actions that the foreign bank or company will take to correct all areas of noncompliance;
- (ii) Provide a schedule within which each action will be taken;
- (iii) Provide any other information that the Board may require; and
 - (iv) Be acceptable to the Board.
- (d) Limitations during period of non-compliance—Until the Board determines that a foreign bank or company has corrected the conditions described in a notice under paragraph (a) of this section:
- (1) The Board may impose any limitations or conditions on the conduct or the U.S. activities of the foreign bank or company or any of its affiliates as the Board finds to be appropriate and consistent with the purposes of the Bank Holding Company Act; and
- (2) The foreign bank or company and its affiliates may not commence any additional activity in the United States or acquire control or shares of any company under section 4(k) of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1843(k)) without prior approval from the Board.
- (e) Consequences of failure to correct conditions within 180 days-(1) Termination of Offices and Divestiture. If a foreign bank or company does not correct the conditions described in a notice under paragraph (a) of this section within 180 days of receipt of the notice or such additional time as the Board may permit, the Board may order the foreign bank or company to terminate the foreign bank's U.S. branches and agencies and divest any commercial lending companies owned or controlled by the foreign bank or company. Such divestiture must be done in accordance with the terms and conditions established by the Board.
- (2) Alternative method of complying with a divestiture order. A foreign bank or company may comply with an order issued under paragraph (e)(1) of this section by ceasing to engage (both directly and through any subsidiary that

is not a depository institution or a subsidiary of a depository institution) in any activity that may be conducted only under section 4(k), (n), or (o) of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843(k), (n) and (o)). The termination of activities must be completed within the time period referred to in paragraph (e)(1) of this section and subject to terms and conditions acceptable to the Board.

(f) Consultation with Other Agencies. In taking any action under this section, the Board will consult with the relevant Federal and state regulatory authorities and the appropriate home country supervisor(s) of the foreign bank.

§ 225.94 What are the consequences of an insured branch or depository institution failing to maintain a satisfactory or better rating under the Community Reinvestment Act?

- (a) Insured branch as an "insured depository institution." A U.S. branch of a foreign bank that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall be treated as an "insured depository institution" for purposes of \$225.84.
- (b) Applicability. The provisions of §225.84, with the modifications contained in this section, shall apply to a foreign bank that operates an insured branch referred to in paragraph (a) of this section or an insured depository institution in the United States, and any company that owns or controls such a foreign bank, that has made an effective election under §225.92 in the same manner and to the same extent as they apply to a financial holding company.

INTERPRETATIONS

§ 225.101 Bank holding company's subsidiary banks owning shares of nonbanking companies.

- (a) The Board's opinion has been requested on the following related matters under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.
- (b) The question is raised as to whether shares in a nonbanking company which were acquired by a banking subsidiary of the bank holding company many years ago when their acquisition was lawful and are now held as investments, and which do not include